## 3
### Remailer

| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
|---|---|
| Cryptographic Functions | |

| Cryptographic Functions | |
|---|---|
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

**Network 4**

## 1
### Sender

| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
|---|---|
| Cryptographic Functions | |

| Cryptographic Functions | |
|---|---|
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

## 2
### Recipient

| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
|---|---|
| Cryptographic Functions | |

| Cryptographic Functions | |
|---|---|
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

**Figure 1.**

**Step 101** | The **Sender** creates the message content (MailContent) and selects a random encryption key (SymmetricKey). Both MailContent and SymmetricKey should be kept by the **Sender** in order to verify the validity of the certified receipt later.

**Step 102** | The **Sender** sends to the **Recipient** the certified mail defined as:
CertifiedMail = PKE(RemailerPublicKey, CertMailHeader) + CertMailBody
where:
CertMailHeader = MessageID + SymmetricKey;
CertMailBody = HASH(SymmetricKey) + SKE(SymmetricKey, MailContent);
MessageID = HASH(CertMailBody);

**Step 103** | After receiving CertifiedMail, the **Recipient** sends a receipt to the **Remailer**:
ReceiptSentToRemailer = PKE(RemailerPublicKey, CertMailHeader) +
        HASH(SymmetricKey) + SignedReceipt
Where: SignedReceipt = SIGNED(RecipientPrivateKey, MessageID2) and
MessageID2 is the message ID the **Recipient** computed from the received message according to: MessageID2 = HASH(CertMailBody);

**Step 104** | The **Remailer** processes ReceiptSentToRemailer as the following:
a) Decrypts PKE(RemailerPublicKey, CertMailHeader) to obtain SymmetricKey and MessageID from CertMailHeader.
b) Verifies SignedReceipt using the public key of the **Recipient**.
c) Verifies that MessageID obtained from CertMailHeader is exactly the same as MessageID2 in SignedReceipt.
d) Verifies that HASH(SymmetricKey) in the ReceiptSentToRemailer agrees with the hash computed from SymmetricKey in CertMailHeader.
e) If all the verifications succeed, send the SignedReceipt to the **Sender**.
f) If sending receipt to the **Sender** succeeds, send the SymmetricKey to the **Recipient**.

**Step 105** | The **Recipient** decrypts SKE(SymmetricKey, MailContent) using the SymmetricKey received from the **Remailer** to obtain MailContent.

**Step 106** | After receiving the SignedReceipt, the **Sender** is able to prove that the recipient has received the exact MailContent by demonstrating:
a) The **Recipient's** signature signed SignedReceipt can be verified using **Recipient's** public key.
b) The MessageID2 in the SignedReceipt agrees with the hash of CertMailBody reconstructed from SymmetricKey and MailContent the **Sender** has kept.
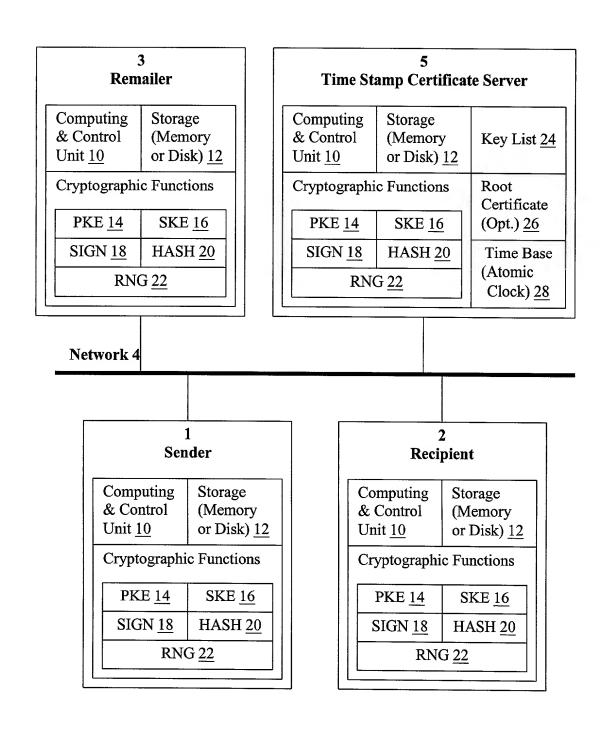
**Figure 2**

| 3 Remailer | |
|---|---|
| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
| Cryptographic Functions | |
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

| 5 Time Stamp Certificate Server | | |
|---|---|---|
| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 | Key List 24 |
| Cryptographic Functions | | Root Certificate (Opt.) 26 |
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 | |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 | Time Base (Atomic Clock) 28 |
| RNG 22 | | |

**Network 4**

| 1 Sender | |
|---|---|
| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
| Cryptographic Functions | |
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

| 2 Recipient | |
|---|---|
| Computing & Control Unit 10 | Storage (Memory or Disk) 12 |
| Cryptographic Functions | |
| PKE 14 | SKE 16 |
| SIGN 18 | HASH 20 |
| RNG 22 | |

**Figure 3.**

| Step 401 | The **Sender** creates the message content (MailContent) and selects a random encryption key (SymmetricKey). |
|---|---|

| Step 402 | The **Sender** constructs CertMailBody and computes MessageID<br>CertMailBody = HASH(SymmetricKey) + SKE(SymmetricKey, MailContent);<br>MessageID = HASH(CertMailBody);<br>Then, the **Sender** sends MessageID, SenderAddress, RecipientAddress, and RemailerAddress to the **TSC Server** to retrieve a TSC for the sending time. |
|---|---|

| Step 403 | The **TSC Server** issues a TSC for the sending time:<br>SendTSC = SIGNED(TSCServerPrivateKey, MessageID + SendTime +<br>       SenderInfo + RecipientInfo + RemailerInfo + RootCertificate);<br>where (see the text descriptions for possible variations):<br>SenderInfo = SenderAddress + SenderPublicKey<br>RecipientInfo = RecipientAddress + RecipientPublicKey<br>RemailerInfo = RemalerAddress + RemailerPublicKey |
|---|---|

| Step 404 | The **Sender** verifies SendTSC, constructs the signed certified mail header:<br>SignedCertMailHeader = SIGNED(SenderPrivateKey, SendTime + MessageID +<br>       SymmetricKey)<br>and then sends the **Recipient** the certified mail defined as:<br>CertifiedMail = PKE(RemailerPublicKey, SignedCertMailHeader) +<br>       + PKE(RecipientPublicKey, SignedCertMailBody);<br>where:<br>SignedCertMailBody = SIGNED(SenderPrivateKey, CertMailBody + SendTSC).<br>The **Sender** also keeps a "carbon copy" of the certified message:<br>CarbonCopy=PKE(SenderPublicKey, SignedCertMailHeader) +<br>       + PKE(SenderPublicKey, SignedCertMailBody); |
|---|---|

| Step 405 | After receiving CertifiedMail, the **Recipient** decrypts the second part to obtain SignedCertMailBody, verifies it, computes MessageID2=HASH(CertMailBody), and then sends MessageID2, RecipientAddress, SenderAddress, and RemailerAddress to **TSC Server** to retrieve a TSC for the receiving time. |
|---|---|

Continued to Figure 4b

**Figure 4a**

**Step 406**

The *TSC Server* issues a TSC for the receiving time:
ReceiveTSC = SIGNED(TSCServerPrivateKey, MessageID2 +
    ReceiveTime + RecipientInfo + SenderInfo + RemailerInfo + RootCertificate);

**Step 407**

The *Recipient* verifies the ReceiveTSC and sends a receipt to the *Remailer*:
ReceiptSentToRemailer = PKE(RemailerPublicKey, SignedCertMailHeader) +
        PKE(RemailerPublicKey, HASH(SymmetricKey) + ReturnSessionKey +
        SignedReceipt), where:
SignedReceipt = SIGNED(RecipientPrivateKey, SendTSC + ReceiveTSC)

**Step 408**

The *Remailer* decrypts ReceiptSentToRemailer to obtain SignedCertMailHeader,
HASH(SymmetricKey), and SignedReceipt. Then, the *Remailer* conducts a series
of verification steps to ensure that the SignedCertMailHeader, SignedReceipt,
SendTSC, ReceiveTSC are all valid and the data contained in them are all
consistent. If all the verifications succeed, the *Remailer* sends the *Sender*
CertifedReceipt = PKE(SenderPublicKey, SignedReceipt) and
sends SKE(ReturnSessionKey, SymmetricKey) to the *Recipient*.

**Step 409**

The *Recipient* decrypts SKE(ReturnSessionKey, SymmetricKey) received from
the *Remailer* to recover SymmetricKey and then use it to decrypt
SKE(SymmetricKey, MailContent) to obtain MailContent.

**Step 410**

After receiving the CertifedReceipt, the *Sender* is able to prove that the
MailContent existed at SendTime and is delivered to the recipient at ReceiveTime
by demonstrating:
a) The *Recipient's* signature in SignedReceipt can be verified using
   RecipientPublicKey in ReceiveTSC.
b) The MessageID or MessageID2, in SignedReceipt, SendTSC, ReceiveTSC,
   all agrees with the hash of the CertMailBody recovered from the CarbonCopy
   kept by the *Sender* during Step 404 above.
c) SenderInfo, RecipientInfo, RemailerInfo in both SendTSC and ReceiveTSC
   are all consistent.
d) The signatures in SendTSC and ReceiveTSC can be verified using the *TSC
   Server's* public key in the RootCertificate, and the RootCertificate can be
   verified using the root public keys.
e) SendTSC in CarbonCopy is the same as the one in the SignedReceipt.

**Figure 4b**